

HISS LAWLER

Police Hush Women at the Ballinger Hearing.

LIE FOR MR. BRANDEIS

Witness Creates Stormy Scene by Charges.

KERBY ADDS MORE COLOR

Day Proves Most Stirring Since Beginning of Investigation, with President's Name Frequently Brought Into Conflict, Clashes Between Members of the Committee, and Promiscuous Stump Speeches. Ballinger Letters to George W. Perkins, of the Morgan Firm, Prove Interesting to Gallery.

Frederick M. Kerby, the stenographer who was dismissed by Secretary Ballinger because of his charges in regard to the so-called Lawler memorandum, took the stand before the Ballinger-Pinchot investigating committee yesterday and embellished his statement. Oscar Lawler, the Assistant Attorney General for the Interior Department, who was designated by President Taft to write the exoneration letter as if he himself were President, also was on the witness stand, and between the two they produced the greatest stir that has occurred at any session of the committee.

The President's name was frequently drawn into the controversy, the lie was passed, members of the committee clashed, a witness was compelled to apologize for intemperate language, and women spectators were aroused to a demonstration which led to a call for a Capitol policeman to maintain order.

EACH A STUMP SPEAKER. Stump speeches from the witness stand, from attorneys and from the committee table, were common occurrences, and so intense was the feeling aroused over the attempt of Attorney Brandeis to discredit President Taft that Senator Root was twice stirred to the point where he thumped the table vigorously and denounced the attack.

Kerby testified that Mr. Ballinger had planned to supplant F. H. Newell, director of the Reclamation Service, by R. H. Thomson, former city engineer of Seattle. This testimony furnished the pretext for calling for letters that had passed between Mr. Thomson and Mr. Ballinger, and between Secretary Ballinger and George W. Perkins, of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co.

The letters showed that Secretary Ballinger had endeavored to get Engineer Thomson to accompany George W. Perkins on an Alaska trip last summer. This trip, as Secretary Ballinger outlined it in confidential communications, was for the purpose of exploiting Alaskan mining and railroad properties. Later, however, as shown by the correspondence, Secretary Ballinger advised Thomson not to go, but arranged with Thomson to recommend another engineer to accompany Mr. Perkins.

Charge Is Emphasized. It has been the contention of the Glavis-Pinchot combination that Secretary Ballinger was playing into the hands of the Morgan-Guggenheim syndicate in the matter of the Cunningham Alaskan oil claims, and the introduction of yesterday's letters is a sharp move on the part of Attorney Brandeis to emphasize this charge. Among other letters introduced in evidence was one in which Secretary Ballinger declines an invitation from George W. Perkins to have his son accompany Mr. Perkins on the Alaskan trip.

Young Kerby declared again and again that he was a martyr to the truth. He is a level-headed young man, and held his own in fencing with Senator Root and other able lawyers on the committee. Assistant Attorney General Lawler was spectacular, rhetorical, and denunciatory, and made a poor impression as a witness. It was after Lawler had accused Garfield and Pinchot of having corrupted the youthful stenographer that the women supporters of the former Secretary of the Interior and the former Forester hissed.

Retort for Women. This irritated Lawler to such a degree that he turned on them with this remark: "Snakes and geese make noise like that."

Kerby's own testimony tended to show that Garfield and Pinchot had both had a hand in obtaining from him information which he had got in a confidential capacity as stenographer to Secretary Ballinger. Kerby admitted that he had met Garfield in Pinchot's home, but he denied that he had been induced by either to give information.

It was here that Kerby took up the correspondence between Secretary Ballinger and George W. Perkins and also between Mr. Ballinger and R. H. Thomson, of Seattle.

One letter written by Secretary Ballinger to Mr. Thomson early in May of last year describes a trip which Mr. Perkins was about to make to Alaska, and

Continued on Page 3, Column 2.

WEATHER FORECAST.

For the District of Columbia and Virginia—Showers to-day. To-morrow fair; moderate south to southwest winds.

HERALD NEWS SUMMARY.

- 1—Lawler and Kerby Testify.
- 2—Editorial.
- 3—Scores Perish in Explosion.
- 4—Sunday School Delegates Here.
- 5—Expect Comet's Glare To-night.
- 6—Insurance Men Organize.
- 7—Editorial.
- 8—Editorial.
- 9—Editorial.
- 10—Editorial.
- 11—Editorial.
- 12—Editorial.
- 13—Editorial.
- 14—Editorial.
- 15—Editorial.
- 16—Editorial.
- 17—Editorial.
- 18—Editorial.
- 19—Editorial.
- 20—Editorial.
- 21—Editorial.
- 22—Editorial.
- 23—Editorial.
- 24—Editorial.
- 25—Editorial.
- 26—Editorial.
- 27—Editorial.
- 28—Editorial.
- 29—Editorial.
- 30—Editorial.
- 31—Editorial.
- 32—Editorial.
- 33—Editorial.
- 34—Editorial.
- 35—Editorial.
- 36—Editorial.
- 37—Editorial.
- 38—Editorial.
- 39—Editorial.
- 40—Editorial.
- 41—Editorial.
- 42—Editorial.
- 43—Editorial.
- 44—Editorial.
- 45—Editorial.
- 46—Editorial.
- 47—Editorial.
- 48—Editorial.
- 49—Editorial.
- 50—Editorial.
- 51—Editorial.
- 52—Editorial.
- 53—Editorial.
- 54—Editorial.
- 55—Editorial.
- 56—Editorial.
- 57—Editorial.
- 58—Editorial.
- 59—Editorial.
- 60—Editorial.
- 61—Editorial.
- 62—Editorial.
- 63—Editorial.
- 64—Editorial.
- 65—Editorial.
- 66—Editorial.
- 67—Editorial.
- 68—Editorial.
- 69—Editorial.
- 70—Editorial.
- 71—Editorial.
- 72—Editorial.
- 73—Editorial.
- 74—Editorial.
- 75—Editorial.
- 76—Editorial.
- 77—Editorial.
- 78—Editorial.
- 79—Editorial.
- 80—Editorial.
- 81—Editorial.
- 82—Editorial.
- 83—Editorial.
- 84—Editorial.
- 85—Editorial.
- 86—Editorial.
- 87—Editorial.
- 88—Editorial.
- 89—Editorial.
- 90—Editorial.
- 91—Editorial.
- 92—Editorial.
- 93—Editorial.
- 94—Editorial.
- 95—Editorial.
- 96—Editorial.
- 97—Editorial.
- 98—Editorial.
- 99—Editorial.
- 100—Editorial.

AUSTRIANS IN 1 ROW.

Count Charges Consul Said He Sought Rich American Bride. New York, May 17.—Count Guido von Auerperg, of Vienna, one of Austria's wealthiest landowners, has preferred charges against Alexander Grau Wandmayer, of the Austro-Hungarian consul general's office here, mailing a sworn complaint to acting Ambassador von Lowenthal, of the Austro-Hungarian Embassy at Washington.

He alleges that Wandmayer, an under secretary, publicly stated the count had come to this country in search of a rich American bride, and that Consul General von Perckel felt that the count was trying to use his influence to add him to the quest.

PAYMASTER ROGERS FORCED TO RESIGN

Row with Secretary Meyer Comes to a Head.

Paymaster General Eustace R. Rogers, U. S. N., chief of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts of the Navy Department, will resign within the next few weeks.

Alleged improper management of the navy supply fund and disobedience of orders, amounting, in the opinion of Secretary of the Navy Meyer, almost to insubordination, are the main causes of his downfall. In naval circles it is generally believed that his resignation was demanded. Rogers' honesty or integrity are not questioned.

The immediate cause of the resignation was a preliminary report to Secretary Meyer of an expert accountant appointed to investigate the business methods of the bureau. The accountant reported that Mr. Rogers was unable to make a trial balance of his books or to give a statement of the various funds on hand. The paymaster general's resignation was the expected culmination of a dispute with Secretary Meyer, which has been pending for about six months. Early last winter Mr. Rogers opposed the Meyer reorganization which placed the charge of naval affairs largely in the hands of line officers.

In the course of the modernization of the departmental business method Mr. Meyer devoted much attention to the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts. The navy supply fund was created by Congress about seventeen years ago as a general stock of supplies from which each bureau was to purchase to suit its needs. It was limited to \$2,500,000, and Congress has declined twice to increase this limit. Between July 1, 1907, and September 30, 1909, stores worth about \$5,500,000 were transferred at Mr. Rogers' recommendation to the navy supply fund. Mr. Meyer thought that the fund as administered by Mr. Rogers was illegal.

Mr. Meyer, on March 2, issued orders that the fund be reduced to the legal limit.

After six weeks' delay, his orders had been carried out by the Paymaster General and Mr. Meyer had to draft a letter to accomplish his object, and issue peremptory orders for its transmission to the various bureaus and navy yards affected.

Mr. Rogers declined to discuss his resignation. He has been Paymaster General since November 1, 1906. He was formerly in charge of the naval uniform factory at the New York Navy Yard. During the Spanish war he served on the monitor Monterey.

As Chief of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Mr. Rogers had the rank and pay of a rear admiral. He will resume his status as a pay director, with the rank of captain, and will be assigned to a new field of duty.

DENVER GOES WET.

Returns Up to 8 o'clock Show Drys Are Defeated.

Denver, Colo., May 17.—That Denver has gone wet seems assured by the returns received up to 8 o'clock. Betting on a wet majority is now 2 to 1, with little dry money in sight.

Continued on Page 3, Column 2.

BODY OF EDWARD IS LYING IN STATE

Taken from Buckingham Palace to Westminster.

CORTEGE IMPOSING ONE

King George V Follows Coffin Through London Streets.

Nation Pays Tribute to Memory of Late Ruler—Spectacle a Gorgeous One—Col. Roosevelt Did Not Participate in Ceremony—Thousands Will View Body as It Lies in State Until Burial Next Friday.

London, May 17.—The family of King Edward to-day yielded up the body of the dead sovereign to the homage of the nation. The royal coffin was taken from Buckingham Palace to Westminster Hall under an escort which was simple yet imposing, comprising King George and the members of the royal family, and the greatest officers in the military and naval services of the empire.

It was such a pageant and was composed almost literally of the same individuals as carried the body of Queen Victoria to her last resting place some nine years ago. The only prominent figure on that occasion who was absent to-day was the German Emperor, who has not yet arrived to pay his tribute to the memory of his dead uncle.

Col. Roosevelt did not participate in to-day's ceremony, and so far as known, he did not see it.

Many Americans There. The crowd which lined the route of the procession was so great that few Americans could be recognized. The stately row of mansions comprising Carlton House Terrace was filled with men and women. Many Americans were there, because many of the mansions on the terrace are occupied by Americans.

The public lying in state began at 4 o'clock. The threatening clouds which hung over the city during the procession cleared off, and the sun was shining when the people were admitted to the hall.

The crowds began to line up in the streets near the hall early in the morning, although they knew they would not be admitted before 4 o'clock.

At 3 o'clock there was a line four abreast, which extended through the adjacent police-controlled streets for three miles, and was constantly increasing in length. The police estimated it to be five miles long when the working people began to join the line at 6 o'clock.

OLEO MAKERS UNDER FIRE.

Chicago Grand Jury to Investigate Big Butterline Firm.

Chicago, May 17.—Judge Landis finally launched to-day the investigation begun in weeks ago to discover whether the big butterline manufacturers of Chicago have any business connection with the "moonshiners" who make and sell tons of bogus butter.

Two men who, it is said, will not be asked to testify before the grand jury are Representative William J. Moxley and his son-in-law, John Dadd, respectively the head and the secretary of the large oleomargarine company of William J. Moxley, incorporated.

MANY IN GOVERNORSHIP RACE.

Elyson May Enter the List in the Coming Campaign.

Special to The Washington Herald. Richmond, Va., May 17.—There are many indications visible on and under the surface in Richmond pointing to the fact that Lieut. Gov. Elyson may be a candidate for governor in the coming gubernatorial campaign, thereby adding to the complications surrounding the fight for this coveted office, which has already been entered by Henry C. Stuart, of Russell; Representative Carter Glass, of Lynchburg; Roosevelt Page, of Hanover; H. St. George Tucker, of Lexington, and possibly others.

Will Build Canadian Plant.

South Bend, Ind., May 17.—Negotiations have been completed by the Olivers, of this city, for the construction of a mammoth pulp and agricultural machinery manufacturing plant at Hamilton, Ontario. The new plant will cost \$1,500,000 and employ 2,000 persons.

Commutation Rates Raised.

New York, May 17.—An understanding is current among railroad interests that a general raise of commutation rates among the railroads having suburban traffic is imminent.

Beveridge's Record Indorsed.

Bloomington, Ind., May 17.—State Senator Oscar Blank, of Linton, was to-day nominated for Congress by acclamation by the Republicans of the Second district. The platform indorsed the official record of Senator Beveridge, but no mention was made of the tariff law.

Popular Excursion Baltimore and Ohio

Leaving Union Station 8:15 a. m. \$1.00 to Hagers Ferry and Martinsburg; \$1.25 to Berkeley Springs; \$2.00 to Cumberland and return by special train, returning same day. An opportunity for a delightful trip very cheap.

SCORES PERISH AS BOILERS BURST

Explosion Shakes the Entire City of Canton.

MANY BLOWN TO ATOMS

Some of the Unfortunates Are Buried Under Debris.

Have Wrought When Seven Boilers in Plant of American Sheet and Tin Plate Company Explode. One Body Picked Up Half Mile Away—All Boilers Were Believed to Be in Good Condition.

Canton, Ohio, May 17.—Scores were killed and injured in a boiler explosion at the plant of the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company, in South Harrison avenue this afternoon.

Howard Rex, assistant superintendent, said that twenty-five or thirty men were dead. Rex is in charge in the absence of Supt. Rice, who is out of the city.

More than 100 men were in the mill at the time of the explosion, and it is not believed that more than a dozen escaped injury. A large number are fatally injured.

Seven boilers of 120 horsepower each exploded simultaneously in an L-shaped addition near the middle of the main mill. All employees connected with that department were blown to atoms, it is believed.

The injured were placed on the porches of nearby residences, where they were carried by the first rescuers or hurried to the hospitals in ambulances or autos. Every ambulance in the city was busy.

Present Ghastly Spectacle.

The dead bodies strewn about where they were thrown by the force of the explosion presented a ghastly spectacle.

Many are thought to be buried in the debris, which caught fire immediately after the explosion. The fire department was called to put down the flames.

One body was thrown by the force of the explosion through the side of the home of Henry Ruke, 1336 Lewis avenue, a square and a half away from the wrecked plant. The body passed through the house and came out on the other side. It landed on a fence and knocked it down.

Body Blown Half Mile.

Another body was picked up at the plant of the Timken Roller Bearing Axle Company, a half mile away from the scene of the explosion. A human hand crashed through the window of the office twenty-five feet away.

The cause of the explosion is unknown. The boilers were supposed to be in good shape. The men had no warning. The members of the office force escaped injury.

The whole side of the plant is blown out by the explosion. Windows are broken in all houses within a radius of a quarter of a mile. The whole section in the vicinity of the plant is strewn with debris from the mill.

Does Not Know Cause.

Walter True, a double at the mill, who was removed to Ingleside Hospital, slightly injured, said:

"I don't know what happened. I went outside the mill, as is customary after completing a heat, and then heard a loud report. I thought the engine cylinder blew out, but there soon began to fall a hail of pieces of iron and brick. I ran to a place of safety. Several men ran with me said that some of the men were blown through the roof of the plant. I was hit on the head and shoulder with missiles, but kept on running."

Despite the cold, drenching rain, the groups of grief-stricken women stood about the scene of the disaster, some of them in agonizing suspense as to the safety of their loved ones. Bravely trying to control their feelings, they watched the ambulances rush to and fro, and anxiously sought to know who had been the ill-fated victims of the disaster.

Refugees by Japanese.

At the afternoon session, after the convention has been called to order, there will be a service of prayer and song for an hour. Bishop Earl Cranston, of the American Methodist Episcopal Church, will read the Scripture, and Rev. Dr. F. B. Meyer, of England, president of the convention, will preach a sermon. Rev. Y. Tanaka, of Japan, will deliver the benediction.

Refugees by Japanese.

The 10,000 or more in the line of march of the parade will be only the adult male Bible class members. They will be formed by divisions as follows:

First division—District of Columbia; headquarters, Mount Vernon Place M. E. Church, South, Ninth and K streets northwest.

Second division—Central America, Cuba, West Indies, Hawaii, Mexico, Philippines, and South America; headquarters, Sunday school room, McKendree.

Continued on Page 5, Column 6.

WEATHER BUREAU SEEKS DATA.

The Weather Bureau has instructed its observers throughout the United States to make careful record of anything exceptional that may be observed at the time of the transit. A circular on the subject specializes on sky appearances, and appearances that may be comparable to the aurora and the zodiacal light. The observers are also instructed to be on the lookout for meteors.

The Washington Herald invites its readers who may notice meteors or other phenomenon in the sky, or who may feel strange effects, electrically or atmospherically, to send a brief statement to this office, and this data will be sent to the Weather Bureau, or, if preferred, the information can be sent direct to the United States Weather Bureau. In publishing statistical summaries of interesting results that may be obtained, names will not be disclosed.

AVENUE PAGEANT THOUSANDS STRONG

World's Sunday School Delegates to March.

CONVENTION OPENS FRIDAY

Two Hundred Noted Orators from Every Christian Land Will Speak at Supplementary Sessions to Be Held in Conjunction with Big Mass Meetings at Convention Hall.

Ten thousand delegates to the World's Sunday School convention, which will be called to order at Convention Hall to-morrow afternoon, will parade down Pennsylvania avenue Friday evening in a grand church pageant.

Marshaled in companies and regiments, according to their nationality or State, they will walk the length of the Avenue to the reviewing place on the east side of the Capitol. Thousands of women and the executive officers of the convention will review the ranks.

The parade will be one of the picturesque features of probably the greatest convention held in Washington in a decade. From every part of the globe where the Word is taught will come delegates of both sexes, and when President F. B. Meyer raps for order to-morrow afternoon at 5 o'clock, Convention Hall will be filled to its capacity.

Orators from Everywhere.

More than 200 pulpits quaters from every Christian land, and some lands that are not Christian, have been selected as speakers at a score of supplementary meetings at the churches of this city. These meetings will be held in conjunction with the big mass meetings at Convention Hall, and on some days there will be half a dozen in progress at once.

At the National Rifles' Armory there will be an extensive exposition of missionary and Sunday school equipment and collections. Exhibits from every corner of the world will be displayed.

President Taft will welcome the delegates at Convention Hall at 7:30 o'clock to-morrow night. John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, will extend a welcome from the Sunday schools of the United States. Rev. Dr. Greene, pastor of Calvary Baptist Church, the headquarters of the convention; Rev. Dr. J. Munroe Gibson, of England; Bishop Yotsu Honda, of Japan; and Bishop Joseph C. Hartzell, of Africa, will make addresses. Bishop Alfred Harling, of Washington, will read the Scriptures.

Benediction by Japanese.

At the afternoon session, after the convention has been called to order, there will be a service of prayer and song for an hour. Bishop Earl Cranston, of the American Methodist Episcopal Church, will read the Scripture, and Rev. Dr. F. B. Meyer, of England, president of the convention, will preach a sermon. Rev. Y. Tanaka, of Japan, will deliver the benediction.

The 10,000 or more in the line of march of the parade will be only the adult male Bible class members. They will be formed by divisions as follows:

First division—District of Columbia; headquarters, Mount Vernon Place M. E. Church, South, Ninth and K streets northwest.

Second division—Central America, Cuba, West Indies, Hawaii, Mexico, Philippines, and South America; headquarters, Sunday school room, McKendree.

Continued on Page 5, Column 6.

EXPECT GLARE

Comet Gazers to See Marvel of the Sky.

WILL BE ON SCHEDULE

Earth to Be Swept by the Tail at 10:30 o'clock.

MAY COLOR MOONLIGHT

Gaseous Ball or Spherical Atmosphere Constituting Nucleus or Head Will Be 14,000,000 Miles Distant During Transit—Naval Observatory Traces 70 Degrees of Apparent Length—Astronomer Richards to Lead "Cometing" Party of Several Hundred at Public Library To-night.

Advance Computations Give the Time of the comet's transit across the sun's disk as between 10 and 11 o'clock to-night.

Various statements have given the width of the tail where the earth will cross at 1,000,000 to 5,000,000 miles. On the basis of these figures the passage of the earth through the streamer would occupy from several hours to a day or more.

MAY LIGHT SKY.

Nothing whatever of the comet itself would be visible in Washington, except, perhaps, a slight general lighting of the whole sky, and that discernible only on a clear and dark night. Even in the event of a clear sky, the light of the moon in its present phase is sufficient to rival any direct illumination from the comet itself. There may be some effect on the intensity or coloring of the moonlight, and induced auroral phenomena, if they occur, will be indirect effects, not a direct comet spectacle.

The gaseous ball, or spherical atmosphere, constituting the comet's nucleus or head will be about 14,000,000 miles distant at the time of transit. Some observatory estimates have placed the actual length of the tail or streamer at about 25,000,000 miles. The Naval Observatory traced 70 degrees of apparent length Monday morning, and a California observatory announced as much as 90 degrees.

This is the greatest length historically attributed to the tail of Halley's comet, and it has been identified by computation with appearances back as far as the year 11 B. C.

Of recorded length estimates the greatest was 60 degrees. The length noted Monday morning is almost or quite equal to half the distance across the heavens from horizon to horizon.

Returns Friday Night.

Outlook for the evening appearance may be commenced Friday evening, immediately after dark, the point for close examination in the sky being near the horizon close to that where the sun shall have set. For some days the time between the setting of the sun and the setting of the comet will gradually increase to a maximum of three hours, after which the difference will again diminish until the visitor disappears in space not to return for seventy-five years. The last of the evening appearances will be early in June.

Prof. L. Adolph Richards, formerly an astronomer at the Naval Observatory, will conduct a party of several hundred members of Mount Vernon Place M. E. Church South on a "comet-gazing" trip to-night.

Refugees by Japanese.

The party will gather at the church early in the evening and will hear a

Continued on Page 2, Column 5.

BOOM RIVER TRAFFIC.

Steel Trust Plans to Ship Its Products by Water.

Pittsburg, May 17.—The United States Steel Corporation has completed arrangements for entering the river transportation business between Pittsburg and the Gulf of Mexico. It will also invade the Gulf of Mexico.

For some months there has been a deal on with the Monongahela River Coal and Coke Company whereby the river company will use its great army of tugboats to move steel barges which the corporation is now planning for.

The steel barges are to be used principally for transportation of iron and steel products out of the Pittsburg district, and will also be used on return trips for transportation of stuff into the Pittsburg district, which is now brought here at a great expense by the railroads or which is in some cases barred from this district entirely because of the great expense attached to transportation by rail.

Believes His Brother Slain.

Boston, May 17.—James D. MacKenzie, a Lynn wagon maker, to-day addressed letters to the State Department and to the United States consul in Spanish Honduras, requesting that an investigation be made into the death of his brother, Daniel J. MacKenzie, who seven months ago went to Honduras to take charge of a banana plantation.

Summer Schedule—Western North Car.

Southern Railway will inaugurate summer schedules June 5, to Asheville and other resorts in Western North Carolina. Pullman sleeping cars from Eastern cities and Washington to Asheville. Low excursion fares.

Refugees by Japanese.

New Orleans, May 17.—Refugees from Costa Rica declare that the earthquake tremors are still felt in that republic, although less violent than at first. Altogether there have been 220 earthquake shocks since April 13. All flags throughout the republic were ordered at half mast and tied with crepe, and the period of national mourning for the dead at Cartago, Paraiso, Ines Rio, Aguas Calientes, Esparta, Barbara Garcia, San Simon, Atenas, San Pedro, Aeyra Libertad, Santa Cruz, and Santa Maria was fixed at nine days.

Many Earthquake Shocks.

New Orleans, May 17.—Reports from Costa Rica declare that the earthquake tremors are still felt in that republic, although less violent than at first. Altogether there have been 220 earthquake shocks since April 13. All flags throughout the republic were ordered at half mast and tied with crepe, and the period of national mourning for the dead at Cartago, Paraiso, Ines Rio, Aguas Calientes, Esparta, Barbara Garcia, San Simon, Atenas, San Pedro, Aeyra Libertad, Santa Cruz, and Santa Maria was fixed at nine days.

Fight on Parlor Match.

Chicago, May 17.—Fire losses amounting to \$450,000 were suffered by fire underwriters in the past year, according to C. M. Goddard, president of the National Fire Protective Association, who, in an address at the Hotel La Salle to-day, advocated the suppression of the parlor match as a means of lessening the losses. The association is holding its three days' annual convention.

Refugees by Japanese.

At the afternoon session, after the convention has been called to order, there will be a service of prayer and song for an hour. Bishop Earl Cranston, of the American Methodist Episcopal Church, will read the Scripture, and Rev. Dr. F. B. Meyer, of England, president of the convention, will preach a sermon. Rev. Y. Tanaka, of Japan, will deliver the benediction.

Refugees by Japanese.

The 10,000 or more in the line of march of the parade will be only the adult male Bible class members. They will be formed by divisions as follows:

First division—District of Columbia; headquarters, Mount Vernon Place M. E. Church, South, Ninth and K streets northwest.

Second division—Central America, Cuba, West Indies, Hawaii, Mexico, Philippines, and South America; headquarters, Sunday school room, McKendree.

Continued on Page 5, Column 6.

GIRL FALLS SENSELESS ON COFFIN OF FIANCE

Baltimore, May 17.—As a dramatic and pitiful climax to her long trip from Italy to this country to marry the sweetheart of her girlhood days, Miss Madeline Zanella broke from those who were trying to keep her from her bereavement from her and entered the room where her fiancé lay dead in his coffin.

<